

**Syllabus for RET Examination ; Law (Total Marks:100/16 Credits)**

**PAPER- RETL 01:**

**Part A: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (MARKS: 50 /8 Credits)**

**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY IN LAW**

**Unit I: Nature of Research – An Introduction:**

- What is Research?
- Relevance of Legal Research.
- Objective of Legal Research.
- Need for Legal Research and Importance of inter-disciplinary approach.
- Significance of Legal Research in India.
- Legal Research as a profession in India.

**Unit II: Types of Research**

- Doctrinal or Traditional Research.
- Non-doctrinal or Empirical Research.
- Descriptive and Analytical Research.
- Applied and Fundamental Research.
- Qualitative and Quantitative Research.
- Law Reform Research.
- Historical Research.
- Sociological Research.

**Unit III: Research Processes**

- Identification of Research Problems.
- Review of Literature.
- Selection of a Research Problem
- Formulation of a Hypothesis.
- Research Design.
- Hypothesis.

**Unit IV: Methods of Investigation and tools for collection of data**

**1) Primary Data method.**

- Experimental and Participatory/ Scientific Method.
- Case Study Method.
- Survey Method.
- Discussion Method.
- Observation Method.
- Interview Method.
- Mail Survey Method.
- Questionnaire (Open ended and Close ended)
- Pilot Study Method.

**2) Secondary Data Method.**

- Case Law Method.
- Cumulative Record Cards.

### **3) Tabulation and Evaluation of Data.**

#### **4) Sampling**

- (i) Advantages and Limitations of Sampling.
- (ii) Theoretical basis of Sampling
- (iii) Classifications of sampling
- (iv) Sampling and Non- sampling Error.

#### **5) Analysis and Interpretation of Data**

- Application of Content Analysis in Legal Research.
- Analysis of aggregate Data.
- Data Interpretation.
- Legal input Analysis, the ideal and the practicable.
- Data Processing- Summarizing of data, Codification and Tabulation.
- Writing a Research Report- Types, Contents and steps involved in drafting of a Report.

#### **6) Scientific Tools in Research**

- Introduction.
- Jurimetrics.
- Use of SPSS and other packages in Legal research.
- Avoiding/Detecting plagiarism.
- Writing the research report/Bibliography/Presentation styles

### **PART B: SUBJECT SPECIFIC (Total Marks -50/8 Credits)**

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL LAW AND JURISPRUDENCE**

##### **Unit I: Constitutional Law: Introduction**

Preamble  
Fundamental Rights and Duties.  
Directive Principles of State Policy.  
Amendment to the Constitution of India  
Emergency Provisions.

##### **Unit II: Judiciary, Executive, Legislatures.**

##### **Unit III: Co-operative Federalism.**

##### **Unit IV: Expanding Horizon of Constitution of India and Constitutionalism. Jurisprudence,**

**Unit I:** Nature and Source of Law.

**Unit II:** Theories of Jurisprudence

**Unit III:** Conceptual Analysis : Rights and Duties; Possession and Ownership.

**Unit IV:** Social Justice; Empowerment of women.

#### **QUALIFYING MARKS: 50.**

Written Test shall be of Multiple Choice Questions for PART-A (50 questions for 50 Marks) and PART B will have questions for which candidates have to write answers in the specified space. The total duration of the paper will be of 90 Minutes. The candidates who have qualified the Written Test shall have to appear for Personal Interview and have to compete with the candidates who are exempted from RET examination as specified by the latest guidelines of UGC.